REVISED 5-7-87 £ā61ē UNIT: FMEA NO. ₩ 8.20 SHUTTLE CCTV DWG NO. 2293289-501 CRITICAL ITEMS LIST LSSUŁD TO-14-R6 SHEET CRITICALITY 2/2 FAILURE MODE AND FAILURE EFFECT CAUSE ON END ITEM RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE ss of structure GMD Wrist video naisy. **CESIGN FEATURES** Norst Case: The M8 wrist/TVC cable is a 19-inch long assembly, 14-wire assembly originating at the RMS wrist with a 26-pin connector (P11, PV6616S26PNDIG) and terminating at a TVC with a 37-pin connector (P1, KJ66E14N35SN16). The widen and sync wires are shifelded #24 Twinax Loss of mission critical twisted-pair wires. The WH cable provides power and commands from the RVS to the wrist video. or elbow camera stack. The cable design is taken from the successfully flown Apollo program. The design is a cable-connector assembly in which the wire terminations are protected from excessive flexture at the joint between the wire and the connector terminal. The load concentration is moved away from the conductor connection and distributed axially along the length of the conductors encapsulated in a potted-taper profile. This technique also protects the assembly from dirt and entrapped moisture which could cause problems In space. The cable and its components meet the applicable requirements of MASA, Military and RCA specifications. These requirements include: General/Mechanical/Électrical Features Design and Construction Haterials Terminal Solderability Environmental . Qualification Marking and Serialization Traceability and Documentation

FMEA NO. N 8.20 CRETICALITY 2/2		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT Cable UNG NO. 2293209-501 [SSUE0 10-14-85 SHEET 2 OF 5	
FAILURE NODE AÑO CAUSE	FAILURE EFFECT ON END ITEM	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE		
oss of structure GND	Wrist vldeo nolsy.	QUALIFICATION TEST Qualified by t.) similarity to previous successful space programs and 2.) by use during qualification tests of CCTV LRUs. ACCEPTANCE TEST The cable acceptance test consists of an obometer check to assure that each wire connection is present and intact. Results are recorded on data sheets. OPERATIONAL TEST The following tests verify that CCTV components are operable and that the commands from the PHS (A7A) panel switch, through the RCU, through the sync lines to the Camera/PTU, to the Camera/PTU command decoder are proper. The tests also verify the comera's ability to produce video, the VSU's ability to route video and the monitor's ability to display video. A similar test verifies the MUN command path. Pre-Launch on Orbiter Test/In-Flight Test 1. Power CCTV System. 2. Select a monitor via the PHS panel, as destination and the camera under test as source. 3. Send "Comera Power On" command from PHS panel. 4. Select "External Sync" on monitor. 5. Observe video displayed on monitor. If video on monitor is synchronized (i.e., stable raster), then this indicates that the camera is receiving composite sync from the RCU and that the camera is producing synchronized video. 6. Send Pan, Tilt, Focus, Zoom, ALC, and Gamma commands and visually (either via the monitor or direct observation) verify proper operation. 7. Select Downlink as destination and camera under test as source.		
oss of structure GND	Wrist video molsy. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.			
		8. Observe video routed to downlink. 9. Send "Camera Power Off" command via PMS panel. 10. Repeat Steps 3 through 9 except issue commands proves that the CCTY equipment is operational	via the MNM command path. This if video is satisfactory.	

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			KEVISED 5-7-07	
FMEA NO. W 8.20 CRITICALITY 2/2		SHUTTLE CCTV CRITICAL ITEMS LIST	UNIT CABLE DWG NO. 2293289-501 1\$\$UED	
FAILURE MUNE AND CAUSE	FATLURE EFFECT ON END ITEM	RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE		
ss of structure GNO en	Wrist video noisy. <u>Norst Case</u> :	<u>QA/[NSPECTION</u> <u>Procurement Control</u> - Wire, connectors, solder, etc. are procured from approved yendors		
	Loss of mission critical video,	and suppliers which meet the requirements set forth in the CCTV contract and Quality Plan Hork Statement (MS-2593176). Incoming Inspection & Storage - Incoming Quality inspections are made on all received materials and parts. Results are recorded by lot and retained in file by drawing and control numbers for future reference and traceability. Accepted items are delivered to Material Controlled Stores and retained under specified conditions until cable fabrication is required. Mon-conforming materials are held for Naterial Review Board (MNB) disposition. (PAI-307, PAI IDC-53). Assembly & Test - Prior to the start of assembly, all items are verified to be correct by stock room personnel as the items are accumulated to form a kit. The items are verified again by the operator who assembles the kit by checking against the as-built-parts-list (ABPL).		
		Specific instructions are given in assembly drawing not These are 2280800 - Process Standard crimping flight co Process Standard in-line splicing of standard interconn sleeves, 2280876 - Process Standard marking of parts or 2280876. Potting material and test procedure (TP-AI-22 Inspections are performed at the completion of key open Preparation for Shipment - When fabrication and test is packaged according to 2280746, Process Standard for Pac All related documentation including assembly drawings, is gathered and held in a documentation folder assigned assembly. This folder is retained for reference.	nmector contacts, 2280001 - ecting wire using Naychem solder assemblies with epoxy colors, 932891. Quality and DCAS ations. complete, the cable assembly is kaging and Handling Guidelines. Parts List. ABPL. Test Data. etc.	
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FNEA NO. N 8.20 CRITICALITY 2/2 FAILURE MODE AND FAILURE EFFECT CAUSE ON END CTEM		SHUTTLE CCTY CRITICAL ITEMS LIST RATIONALE FOR ACCEPTANCE UNIT Cable DNG NO. 2293289-501 ISSUED 10-14-86 SHEET 4 OF 5		
Loss of structure GND Open	Wrist video noisy. Worst Case: Loss of mission critical video.	FAILURE HISTORY There have been no reported failures during RCA testing.		

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FMEA NO. W 8.20 CRITICALITY 2/2		SHITTLE COTY CRETICAL JIEMS LIST	ONTT Cable OWG NO. 2293289-501 1550ED 10-14-86 SHEET 5 OF 5
FATLURE MODE AND CAUSE	FAILURE EFFECT ON END LIEM	CREW ACTIONAL EFFECTS Loss of video. Possible loss of major mission objectives due to loss of RMS cameras or other required cameras. CREW ACTIONS If possible, continue RMS operations using afternate visual caes. CREW TRAINING Crew should be trained to use possible afternates to CCTV. MISSION CONSTRAINT Where possible procedures should be designed so they can be accomplished without CCTV.	
.oss of structure GMD	OR END ITEM Hrist video moisy. Horst Case: Loss of mission critical video.		